He Weidong's arrest can only be a big deal.

The news that He Weidong, the second deputy commander of the Communist Party of China's army (Vice Chairman of the Military Commission), was "arrested" went viral on the Internet after the "Two Sessions of the National People's Congress" of the Communist Party of China in March. After the Third Plenary Session of the CPC Central Committee in July 2024, Xi Jinping, Chairman of the Military Commission (the supreme commander of the army), was taken over the real power, and the Communist Party of China restored the old man to power, forming a new "Party Central Committee" that has not been officially announced. Under the direct command of Zhang Youxia (Vice Chairman of the Military Commission), the first deputy commander of the new team, most of the Xi's army was cleaned up, including Miao Hua, who was in charge of the promotion of military personnel (Director of the Political Work Department of the Military Commission). At the end of November last year, he was suspended for investigation for "serious disciplinary violations". Soon after, it was also rumored on the Internet that Lin Xiangyang, the commander of the Eastern Theater, was taken away for investigation, and there were even rumors on the Internet that Lin Xiangyang committed suicide. As Xi Jinping's number one, Vice Chairman of the Military Commission, He Weidong, became the most important indicator of when Xi Jiajun was annihilated.

Since July 2024, I have taken the lead in tracking, analyzing and judging the internal struggle of the Communist Party of China's army. Judging from the current information, it is basically in line with the current development trend. Although I also have "internal information" from the mainland, I will not emphasize the authority or suddenness of "gossips". In fact, the Communist Party of China has been organizing and

systematically spreading some fake news in order to transfer exports to domestic sales and guide the evolution of the mainland's political situation. Focusing on the evolution of the political situation of the Communist Party of China in accordance with the history of the Communist Party of China, the laws of infighting and the cultural characteristics of gangs such as the Mao and Deng era, and using rational and logical arguments and arguments, which is the consistent position of this blog. I said that Xi will definitely come down, the Xi family's army will be annihilated, Lao Hu will listen to the government behind the scenes, and He Weidong's arrest can only be a big deal... Wait, all of them are the results of inferences after holding the above position. Please learn from netizens.

From Trump's ear attack to Xi Jinping's stroke (2024-7-26)

Beijing's "rumors" in the post-Xi Jinping era (2024-8-5)

If the Xi family's army is done, will there be a civil war in China? (December 2, 2024)

Can Hu Jintao control Xi Jinping to protect the party from collapse? (December 11, 2024)

Xi Jinping failed to regain military power and is facing a complete liquidation (2024-12-19)

Back to the focus of this article, everyone on the Internet is concerned about whether and why He Weidong was arrested. Many people were sure that He Weidong was arrested because of the result of the internal struggle. My inferred in the past half a year has long pointed out that this inevitable outcome has little news value. These coquettish operations of the Communist Party of China, that is, He Weidong's arrest in another world, are not entirely due to the struggle for power. Because He Weidong and others have already lost their sincerity to the new "Party

Central Committee" and made a humbly review and guarantee. For the sake of the face of the whole party, they can all land quietly. He may not have returned home after the Two Sessions on the 11th. He immediately caught his reckless action. According to common sense, it is completely unnecessary. It is really the failure of the new "Party Central Committee". In addition, Wang Houbin, the commander of the Rocket Army, and Lin Xiangyang, the commander of the Eastern Theater, were also arrested almost at the same time. Xi Jiajun was really taken to the blame.

In fact, something big has happened. Some people are in the lead, while more people are confused and follow the trend to fight.

Let's take a look at some seemingly unrelated news first:

Let's look at Taiwan first. The scene that has not been seen for decades, Taiwan suddenly became hard. Lai Qingde recently made it clear that the other side is an "overseas hostile force". Beijing must be very annoyed with Lai's "stealing" proprietary term, and it seems that it should be an inevitable reaction to anger. Obviously, the pressure of the new U.S. government has forced all allies to become tough. Therefore, according to the principle of reciprocity, under the order of the president, Jianbi Qingye has become the consensus on the island, and the mainland women who shouted for the military unification of Taiwan became the first patriotic to be beaten down. The Taiwanese media is also in favor of reactivating the abandoned military judicial system and comprehensively hanging the spy propaganda network on the other side. The "17" measures proposed by Lai to protect Taiwan, some people on the other side pointed out that each of them broke through the "bottom line of Taiwan independence" set by the mainland.

Netizens analyzed that "on March 15, the People's Daily published an article by Lin Xiangyang, the commander of the Eastern Theater, claiming that the army had upgraded its weapons facilities and warned that if "Taiwan independence" elements or external forces provoked, "the

People's Army will take all necessary measures to stop and punish". This article is regarded as a direct response to the G7 foreign governor's statement in support of Taiwan. The Taiwan naval exercise on March 17 became the highlight of this "combination boxing". The spokesman of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Communist Party of China further characterized the exercise as a counter to the "series of wrongdoings" of the United States, trying to point the finger at external forces rather than Taiwan itself.

At the same time, a bizarre incident occurred at the "Two Sessions of the People's Congress". Zhao Leji, chairman of the National People's Congress, disappeared at the meeting of the National People's Congress, and the cause was announced as "respiratory infection". But the strange thing is that only one day later, Zhao Leji suddenly appeared. After raising his eyebrows and exhaling happily, it was spread by the public that the "infection" had disappeared. According to the latest leaks and rumors, "The key reason why Zhao Leji, the third person of the Communist Party of China, was absent from the closing ceremony of the National People's Congress earlier was that Xi Jinping's request to force the National People's Congress to pass a bill related to the Taiwan War was rejected by Zhao Leji." This news is shocking.

At the symposium on the 20th anniversary of the implementation of the Anti-Secessionist State Law held on March 14, Zhao Leji's speech was obviously very moderate. "It not only reaffirms the defense of national sovereignty and territorial integrity, but also highlights cross-strait exchanges and cooperation and the promotion of Chinese culture. This moderate attitude seems to be intended to reserve ground for cross-strait relations and avoid complete tearing. Broken face. In stark contrast to this is the war wolf style of the Communist Party of China's military and the Ministry of Foreign Affairs. He Weidong, who is in charge of military politics, was absent from the symposium on the Anti-Secessionist State Law held in Beijing on March 14, which seemed to

confirm that He Weidong disappeared on the 11th.

The recent series of internal chaos and asynchronization of the Communist Party of China are also reflected in many contradictory and strange incidents, such as Li Ka-shing's "unpatriotic" criticism by the Dagongbao, and then his son was suddenly summoned by Li Qiang to be appeased, the former Philippine president had no way to ask for help in Hong Kong, and finally sent to the international court for trial by the Philippines.

Let's look back at Xi Jinping, the commander of the whole army. He has been the "chairman of the Military Commission" for more than half a year. This decision has at least been conveyed to the department level. Xi and Xi Jiajun want to rely on "legal" party procedures, and there is no hope of turning around. The only hope to regain control of military power is to launch a war. Both the other side and the West already knew that Xi's official announcement was imminent, and the policy towards China was rapidly adjusted, which led to the anti-communist "17" measures to protect Taiwan and began to have a tough attitude.

And Xi and his party members think that the timing is too good. With the politically correct slogan of the Communist Party of China, it is really a good opportunity to make trouble at the National People's Congress! Zhao Leji, on the other hand, obeyed the command of the Party Central Committee. Everyone knows that the People's Congress is just a rubber stamp. The Party Central Committee has not arranged it in advance. How dare Zhao arrange the agenda without permission? That's a thing to lose your head. Of course, the "Party Central Committee" who listens to politics can understand Xi's tricks and will not be fooled. Therefore, Zhao Xiaoxiao caught a cold and ended the drama carefully planned by Xi Jinping. The Party Central Committee, who hid behind the scenes to watch the play, must have laughed.

It is also further confirmed here that Xi has long lost the status of "one

respect" in the party, and now he can't even touch the side of being respected. Therefore, the agenda of the meeting has nothing to do with him. It's not easy to change the agenda. Many former leaders of the Communist Party of China who have lost their position in the party have taken the road of Xi. From Liu Shaoqi, who held the constitution at that time, to Wanli in the 89/64 period, you can still give some examples.

However, there are also several generals in Xi's hand who are "prosperity and loss": He Weidong, Wang Houbin and Lin Xiangyang, etc. They are much more stupid than the old men of the "February Against the Current" in the Mao era. Maybe their desire to save their lives is too strong. Although they have all passed the inspection to the central government, the great slogans such as "unification of the motherland" are still good talismans, and fighting for a while may be promising. They must have cooperated with Xi in the People's Congress to stage a palace drama and made trouble for the party. Don't underestimate them. He Weidong is also the leader of the military delegation at the Two Sessions! We will see the inside story of this farce sooner or later.

Therefore, as soon as the meeting was held, the Party Central Committee could not wait to quickly put the three people in prison, which is a reasonable inference. Soon, there was an "insider" leak to support: "He Weidong and Lin Xiangyang leaked the plan to fight in the Taiwan Strait", "We don't know who to leak it to now, but I think that in addition to the so-called leak, more reasons may be problems with political loyalty." The generals who want to "liberate Taiwan" compete to become anti-thieves? Do you dare to believe such authoritative "insider information"? I remembered an idiom: I want to cover it!

From another perspective, He Weidong's downfall is really a bigger thing on the mainland than the sky, that is, involving the most "great cause" of the Communist Party of China: "liberation of Taiwan" or "the great cause of the reunification of the motherland", etc. It's all such an exciting

slogan. It has been shouted for more than 70 years, and the hormones of more than three generations have been excited. Unexpectedly, it is temporarily secretly rotten. He also arrested the heroes who vowed to defend and support. How can such a mouthful gun be shouted in the future? Where did those people who wanted to "wrap their sleeves" go? The boss who joked that "no one is a man" in the former Soviet Union did not quickly control the bottom, so that they all got hard quickly, and at least stood up and made a stand, right?

Xi went to the southwest and became an orphaned family. Xi Jinping recently went to Guizhou and Yunnan provinces for inspection, and there were many abnormal phenomena. When he came out, his hair was gray. Li Ganjie, the head of the Central Group Department, who often accompanied him for inspection, rarely disappeared. Zhang Youxia and He Weidong, the two deputys, and other members of the Military Commission, did not show up. It's like a farewell performance, implying that you are going to retire. Does he still have a play? I thought of Lao Du, the former president of the Philippines, who was sent to the International Court by the successor government. He strode out of Hong Kong with his head held high, which can be regarded as a Filipino man.

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Zhang and He took a photo at the end of the National People's Congress. Please note that Zhang is still behind He in the ranking of the Politburo. Lin Xiangyang, the commander-in-chief of the Taiwan attack, leaked the "Taiwan Strait Operation Plan" in the People's Daily on March 15.

刘 奇
应 勇
谌贻琴
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何卫东

全面实施《反分裂国家法》 为实现祖国完全统一而不懈奋斗

——《反分裂国家法》实施20周年座谈会发言摘编

以习近平总书记关于对台工作的重要论述为根本遵循 全面实施《反分裂国家法》

中共中央台办、国务院台办主任 宋涛

《反分裂国家法》是一部捍卫国家主权和领土完整、维护和促进两岸关系发展、推进祖国统一进程的法律，是一部维护台海和平稳定、符合中华民族根本利益的法律，对解决台湾问题、实现祖国完全统一具有重要意义和深远影响。党的十八大以来，以习近平同志为核心的党中央坚强领导下，我们牢牢把握两岸关系主导权和主动权，以高度负责的态度和坚定的决心意志，全面准确贯彻《反分裂国家法》，在打击“台独”分裂和遏制外部势力干涉上展现更强能力，在深化两岸交流合作、融合发展上迈出更大步伐，在推进祖国统一进程上更有力前移。

我们深刻认识到，习近平总书记关于对台工作的重要论述为做好新时代对台工作提供了根本遵循。一是要在一个中国原则基础上推进祖国统一大业。我们始终坚持以《反分裂国家法》载明的“台湾是中国的一部分”的坚实法律基础，我们将两岸统合法理化两岸同属一个中国、无论台海形势如何变化、一个中国原则不容质疑挑战、更不容妥协。二是要坚决反对“台独”分裂和外部势力干涉。祖国统一事关中国核心利益和两岸根本福祉，没有任何可以退让、协商的空间。我们决不容忍任何形式的“台独”分裂活动，将持续保持对外部势力插手台湾事务的高压态势，坚决粉碎外部势力“以台制华”图谋。三是要以两岸同胞福祉为出发点和落脚点，两岸同胞是一家人，要相互关爱、守望相助，携手共创两岸关系美好未来。四是要充分发挥《反分裂国家法》的重要作用，坚决依法惩治“台独”分裂犯罪，为两岸关系和平发展营造良好法治环境。

二是要坚决反对“台独”分裂和外部势力干涉，祖国统一事关中国核心利益和两岸根本福祉，没有任何可以退让、协商的空间。我们决不容忍任何形式的“台独”分裂活动，将持续保持对外部势力插手台湾事务的高压态势，坚决粉碎外部势力“以台制华”图谋。三是要以两岸同胞福祉为出发点和落脚点，两岸同胞是一家人，要相互关爱、守望相助，携手共创两岸关系美好未来。四是要充分发挥《反分裂国家法》的重要作用，坚决依法惩治“台独”分裂犯罪，为两岸关系和平发展营造良好法治环境。

《反分裂国家法》是反“独”促统的法治保障

全国人大民族和宗教委员会主任委员 张春贤

《反分裂国家法》是重要的祖国统一法律，是国家第一部专门反“独”促统的法律，是国家法制史上的重要里程碑。《反分裂国家法》实施20周年之际，深入学习贯彻习近平总书记关于对台工作的重要论述，重温该法制定背景、重要精神，总结重大成效，具有深远历史意义和重大现实意义。

《反分裂国家法》是捍卫“台独”分裂势力的法律利器。《反分裂国家法》第八条明确了采取和平方式解决台湾问题的三种情形，即除了台海地区、也就力遏制“台独”分裂势力分裂国家的“高压线”，后半条，有关部门制定实施《关于依法惩处“台独”顽固分子分裂国家、触动分裂国家犯罪的意见》，依法追究“台独”顽固分子刑事责任，充分彰显出国家严惩“台独”顽固分子的坚定立场。《反分裂国家法》是维护两岸关系和平发展、推进国家统一的法律基石。《反分裂国家法》为开创两岸关系和平发展新局面提供了法律保障。《反分裂国家法》确立的和平统一的基本方针，为维护两岸关系和平发展、推进国家统一提供了法律依据。全国人大常委会先后于2019年、2021年两次组织执法检查和专题调研，全面评估两岸大局和形势变化下法律的适应性，总结实施《反分裂国家法》取得的成效和经验，研究提出进一步完善相关工作机制、加强和改进执法工作的意见建议，为依法有效开展对台工作提供了有力法治保障。

维护祖国完全统一 坚决打掉一切“台独”分裂图谋

东部战区上将司令员 林向阳

《反分裂国家法》实施20年来，人民军队坚决贯彻党中央、习主席决策部署，依法履行使命责任，不断加强和统合练兵备战，持续开展军事应对准备活动，有效遏制“台独”分裂势力，有效维护了台海局势稳定和两岸关系和平发展大局。实践表明，《反分裂国家法》是海峡两岸“和统”系列成果写入宪法确立了“台独”分裂界限，有效维护了台海局势稳定和两岸关系和平发展大局的强大武器。

近年来，岛内民进党当局蓄军一意孤登乌台独，大力深化国防和军队改革，加快推进现代化建设步伐，全面加强和统合联合演训，一大批大型重器列装部队等，打赢体系化联合作战的能力显著提升，坚决应对“台独”分裂和外部干涉图谋的一切威胁和挑战，如果“台独”分裂分子一意孤行甚至铤而走险，如果外部势力挑衅插手台海事务甚至直接介入，我军一定会坚决地、予以强力果断处置，不惜以任何代价捍卫国家主权和领土完整，坚决粉碎“台独”分裂图谋，绝不允许历史悲剧在台海重演！

迈向两岸统一的制度性和平大道

南开大学台湾政治研究中心主任 董清望

《反分裂国家法》是维护两岸和平的法律，是界上只有一个中国、大陆和台湾同属一个中国，“台独”分裂势力在任何时间、以任何名义、任何方式把台湾从中国分裂出去，将对台海两岸的生命财产、中华民族根本利益、台海地区和平稳定、造成严重威胁，《反分裂国家法》对“台独”分裂的明确遏制，是防止“台独”冲动和冒险的坚强神经。

《反分裂国家法》是增进两岸福祉的法律，《反分裂国家法》赋予和为台湾同胞参加各类交往活动提供了便利和保障，台湾同胞享有与大陆同胞同等的待遇，两岸人员往来和经贸文化交流日益密切，两岸同胞更加感受到“同是一家人”才有的亲近和温暖。两岸经济、社会、文化、科技、教育、医疗、卫生等领域交流合作不断深化，两岸同胞在一起的故事越来越多，两岸同胞的命运越来越紧密相连。

《反分裂国家法》是推动两岸关系和平发展、增进国家统一的法律基石，《反分裂国家法》为两岸关系和平发展提供了国家和人民意志层面和平统一的最大诚意，为维护两岸关系和平发展、推进国家统一提供了法律依据。全国人大常委会先后于2019年、2021年两次组织执法检查和专题调研，全面评估两岸大局和形势变化下法律的适应性，总结实施《反分裂国家法》取得的成效和经验，研究提出进一步完善相关工作机制、加强和改进执法工作的意见建议，为依法有效开展对台工作提供了有力法治保障。

大陆和台湾同属一个中国，台湾是中国一部分、这是国际共识，中国只有一个中国，也从没缺一，过是历史大势，就算大陆和台湾“台独”分裂势力，也改变不了这个基本的事实，两岸是不可分割的命运共同体，两岸同胞是一家人，“台独”就是两岸同胞的共同敌人，“台独”就是两岸同胞的共同敌人，“台独”就是两岸同胞的共同敌

中共解放军
东部战区
司令员林向阳
解放军「武统大将」惊传被中共抓
罪名竟是泄露台海作战计划
林向阳过去被视为武统大将，他才于本月中出席中共《反分裂国家法》实施20周年座谈会。
TAKE DOWN THE CCP
GETTR